



# TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo Expression Vector

## INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo Transient Mammalian Expression Vector

Catalog #: MX050

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# Description

## Introduction

The **TGEX™** vector series is designed for the rapid expression of antibody molecules by transient gene expression in mammalian cells in suspension culture. This new series, version 7, also allows the selection of stable transformants through the use of Zeocin®. This vector series features a cytomegalovirus (CMV) promoter, the adenovirus tripartite leader sequence (TPL) (Logan 1984, Mariati 2010), a composite leader sequence (hybrid between a mammalian kappa leader and the bacterial pelB leader (Valadon 2006)) followed by a universal double-inverted BsaI cloning site to insert antibody variable regions. The constant regions are derived from species-specific IgG, kappa and lambda sequences. The 3' end on the transcription unit is composed of an IRES element, the Zeocin-resistance gene (Sh ble from *Streptoalloteichus hindustanus*), a Woodchuck hepatitis virus post-transcriptional regulatory element, and the rabbit beta-globin polyadenylation signal. Transfection of the **TGEX™** expression vectors harboring antibody variable region inserts in widely available cell lines using large-scale transfection technologies (see experimental procedure) typically yields antibody titers between 50 and 250 mg/L in serum-free conditions in just a few days.

The **TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** vector is designed for the expression of a heavy chain variable region with the constant region of the dog IgG1 heavy chain. Expression of full-length antibody molecules is achieved by co-transfection with a light chain variable region cloned into one the **TGEX™** vectors, see below examples to achieve varied antibody formats.

### Combination of vectors to desired antibody format (examples)

COMBINATION	FORMAT	PURIFICATION
TGEX™-HC-hG1-Zeo + TGEX™-LC-hK-Zeo	Full length human or chimeric human IgG1/K	Protein A or G
TGEX™-FH-hG1-Zeo + TGEX™-LC-hK-Zeo	Human or chimeric IgG1/K Fab fragment	Protein L, G, or IMAC
TGEX™-FC-hG1-Zeo	Human IgG1 Fc fusion	Protein A or G
TGEX™-SCblue-Zeo	Human IgG1 scFv-Fc fusion	Protein A or G

## Content, Shipping & Storage

### Content

VECTOR	COMPOSITION	AMOUNT
TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo	20 µl at 0.5 µg/µl of DNA vector in DNA Conservation Buffer (Tris-HCL 5 mM, EDTA 0.1 mM, pH 8.5)	10 µg

### Shipping & Storage

**TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** vector is shipped on wet ice. Upon receipt, store the vector at -20°C.

## Limited Product Warranty

This warranty limits our liability to the replacement of this product. No other warranties of any kind express or implied, including, without limitation, implied warranties of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, are provided by Antibody Design Labs. Antibody Design Labs shall have no liability for any direct, indirect, consequential, or incidental damages arising out of the use, the results of use, or the inability to use this product.

***For research use only; not intended for any animal or human therapeutic or diagnostic use.***

## TGEX™ Vector Series

### TGEX™ vector series for desired isotypes

VECTOR	CATALOG	ISOTYPE	DESCRIPTION
TGEX™-HC-hG1-Zeo	MX026	Human IgG1	Heavy chain expression plasmid for human IgG1
TGEX™-FH-hG1-Zeo	MX023	Human IgG1 CH1	For the expression of human IgG1 Fab fragments
TGEX™-FC-hG1-Zeo	MX025	Human IgG1 Fc	For the expression of human IgG1 Fc fusions
TGEX™-HC-hG2-Zeo	MX027	Human IgG2	Heavy chain expression plasmid for human IgG2
TGEX™-HC-hG3-Zeo	MX028	Human IgG3	Heavy chain expression plasmid for human IgG3
TGEX™-HC-hG4[S228P]-Zeo	MX029	Human IgG4[S228P]	Heavy chain expression plasmid for human IgG4
TGEX™-LC-hK-Zeo	MX030	Human Kappa	Light chain expression plasmid for human Kappa
TGEX™-LC-hL2-Zeo	MX031	Human Lambda 2	Light chain expression plasmid for human Lambda 2
TGEX™-HC-mG1-Zeo	MX032	Murine IgG1	Heavy chain expression plasmid for murine IgG1
TGEX™-HC-mG2a-Zeo	MX033	Murine IgG2a	Heavy chain expression plasmid for murine IgG2a
TGEX™-HC-mG2b-Zeo	MX034	Murine IgG2b	Heavy chain expression plasmid for murine IgG2b
TGEX™-HC-mG3-Zeo	MX035	Murine IgG3	Heavy chain expression plasmid for murine IgG3
TGEX™-LC-mK-Zeo	MX036	Murine Kappa	Light chain expression plasmid for murine Kappa
TGEX™-LC-mL1-Zeo	MX037	Murine Lambda 1	Light chain expression plasmid for murine Lambda 1
TGEX™-LC-mL2-Zeo	MX038	Murine Lambda 2	Light chain expression plasmid for murine Lambda 2
TGEX™-HC-rbG-Zeo	MX039	Rabbit IgG	Heavy chain expression plasmid for rabbit IgG
TGEX™-LC-rbKb4-Zeo	MX040	Rabbit Kappa	Light chain expression plasmid for rabbit Kappa
TGEX™-HC-dG1-Zeo	MX046	Dog IgG1	Heavy chain expression plasmid for dog IgG1
TGEX™-HC-dG2-Zeo	MX047	Dog IgG2	Heavy chain expression plasmid for dog IgG2
TGEX™-HC-dG3-Zeo	MX048	Dog IgG3	Heavy chain expression plasmid for dog IgG3
TGEX™-HC-dG4-Zeo	MX049	Dog IgG4	Heavy chain expression plasmid for dog IgG4
TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo	MX050	Dog Kappa	Light chain expression plasmid for dog Kappa
TGEX™-LC-dL-Zeo	MX051	Dog Lambda	Light chain expression plasmid for dog Lambda

### TGEX™ vector series for Fc-engineered antibodies

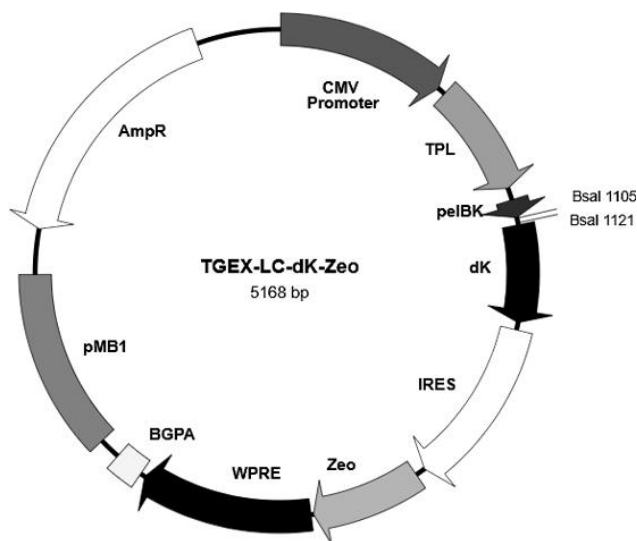
VECTOR	CATALOG	ISOTYPE	DESCRIPTION
TGEX™-HC-hG1[EA]-Zeo	MX041	Human IgG1	Human IgG1 heavy chain with increased ADCC/CDC <i>in vitro</i>
TGEX™-HC-hG1[NA]-Zeo	MX042	Human IgG1	Human IgG1 aglycosylated heavy chain
TGEX™-HC-hG1[LALA-PG]-Zeo	MX043	Human IgG1	Human IgG1 heavy chain with decreased ADCC/CDC <i>in vitro</i>
TGEX™-HC-hG1[YTE-KF]-Zeo	MX044	Human IgG1	Human IgG1 heavy chain with increased serum half-life
TGEX™-HC-hG4[SPLE-PG]-Zeo	MX045	Human IgG4[S228P]	Human IgG4 heavy chain with decreased ADCC/CDC <i>in vitro</i>

### TGEX™ control vector, universal expression and Fc fusions

VECTOR	CATALOG	USE	DESCRIPTION
TGEX™-AC-Zeo	MX020	Any expressions	Universal expression vector
TGEX™-eGFP-Zeo	MX022	Transfection	Control plasmid for monitoring transient transfections
TGEX™-SCblue-Zeo	MX024	scFv cloning vector	For the transfer of scFv from any PADL phagemid vector and expression as an scFv-Fc fusion

## Vector Map

The figure below illustrates the main features of **TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** expression vector. The full vector sequence is available online for download in varied formats on the product web page; the total length of the vector is 5828 bp.



## Cloning Site

Following is an illustration of **TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** cloning site from the EcoRI site and onward. The VH domain is inserted in a double inverted BsaI cloning site located between the pelBK leader sequence and the constant regions. The four base pair overhangs after a restriction digestion with BsaI are boxed and grayed.

```

          tgex-S3                                     EcoRI
          ────────────────────────────────────────────┘
971  GAAAGGCGTC TAACCAGTCA CAGTCGCAAG TTTAAACGGA TCTCTAGCGA
          pelBK leader sequence
          MetGLuThrA spThrLeuLe uLeuTrpVal
1021  ATTCGGCTTG GGCCGCCACC ATGGAGACAG ACACACTCCT GCTATGGGTA
          SfiI                                     <BsaI      MluI
          |                                       |           |
          LeuLeuLeuL euAlaAlaGl nProAlaMet Ala
1071  CTGCTGCTCT TAGCGGCCCA GCCGGCCATG GCA GGAGACC TAACGCGTAT
          >BsaI      dK
          |           ────────────────────────────────────────────┘
          Arg AsnAspAlaG lnProAlaVa lTyrLeuPhe GlnProSerP...
1121  GGTCTCA CGG AATGATGCCC AGCCAGCCGT CTATTTGTTC CAACCATCTC
  
```

## Feature Table

The features of **TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** transient expression vector are highlighted in the following table.

FEATURE	LOCATION	DESCRIPTION
Promoter	5-585	CMV promoter.
TPL	612-1000	Adenovirus tripartite leader sequence (Logan 1984, Mariati 2010).
pelBK leader	1041-1103	Hybrid kappa/pelB leader peptide sequence. The cleavage occurs on the C-terminal side of the terminal alanine.
Dog Kappa CDS	1128-1460	Sequence encoding the dog kappa light chain sequence comprising the CK domain.
IRES	1486-2059	Internal Ribosome Entry Site.
Zeo	2093-2468	Sh ble gene from <i>Streptoloteichus hindustanus</i> conferring resistance to Zeocin.
WPRE	2476-3064	Woodchuck hepatitis virus post-transcriptional regulatory element.
BGpA	3080-3178	Rabbit beta-globin polyadenylation signal sequence.
pMB1 origin	3252-3871	pBR322 origin for replication in <i>E. coli</i> with a temperature-sensitive high copy-number phenotype (Lin-Chao 1992).
TEM1 beta-lactamase	4886-4026	Ampicillin resistance for selection in <i>E. coli</i> .

## Restriction Site Summary

Enzyme	Site	Nb	Position	Strand	Isoschizomers
AarI	CACCTGC (4/8)	1	1815		PaqCI
AlfI	(10/12) GCANNNNNNTGC (12/10)	1	2430		
AlwNI	CAGNNN^CTG	1	3617		CaiI PstNI
ApaI	GGGCC^C	1	1599		Bsp120I PspOMI
ArsI	(8/13) GACNNNNNTTYG (11/6)	1	851		
AvrII	C^CTAGG	1	1637		AspA2I BlnI XmaJI
BamHI	G^GATCC	1	2075		
BbvCI	CCTCAGC (-5/-2)	1	1325		
BcgI	(10/12) CGANNNNNNTGC (12/10)	1	4615		
Bp1I	(8/13) GAGNNNNNCTC (13/8)	1	1371		
BsePI	G^CGCGC	1	2129		BssHII PauI PteI
Bsp1407I	T^GTACA	1	5130		BsrGI BstAUI
BspMI	ACCTGC (4/8)	1	1816		Acc36I BfuAI BveI
CspCI	(11/13) CAANNNNNGTGG (12/10)	1	407		
Eam1105I	GACNNN^NNGTC	1	4094		AhdI BmeRI DriI
EcoRI	G^AATTC	1	1019		
FalI	(8/13) AAGNNNNNCTT (13/8)	1	784		
FseI	GGCCGG^CC	1	2364		RigI
FspI	TGC^GCA	1	4319		Acc16I NsbI
KpnI	GGTAC^C	1	1927		Acc65I Asp718I
MauBI	CG^CGCGCG	1	2128		
MluI	A^CGCGT	1	1113		
NheI	G^CTAGC	1	1464		AsuNHI BmtI BspOI
NotI	GC^GGCCGC	1	2468		CciNI
PciI	A^CATGT	1	1976		PscI
PmaCI	CAC^GTG	1	1800		AcvI BbrPI Eco72I PmlI PspCI
PmeI	GTTT^AAAC	1	1000		MssI
PvuI	CGAT^CG	1	4466		Ple19I
PvuII	CAG^CTG	1	642		
SacI	GAGCT^C	1	583		Ecl136II EcoICRI Eco53kI Psp124BI SstI
SalI	G^TCGAC	1	2087		
SexAI	A^CCWGGT	1	2256		CsiI MabI
SfiI	GGCCNNNN^NGGCC	1	1085		



SgrAI	CR <sup>^</sup> CCGGYG	1	2206	
SnaBI	TAC <sup>^</sup> GTA	1	357	BstSNI Eco105I
SpeI	A <sup>^</sup> CTAGT	1	18	AhlI BcuI
Tth111I	GACN <sup>^</sup> NNGTC	1	1340	PflFI PsyI
XbaI	T <sup>^</sup> CTAGA	1	2081	
XhoI	C <sup>^</sup> TCGAG	1	966	Sfr274I PaeR7I SlaI
BalI	TGG <sup>^</sup> CCA	2	2094	MlsI MluNI Mox20I MscI Msp20I
		2	5096	
BglII	A <sup>^</sup> GATCT	2	3195	
		2	5019	
Bpu10I	CCTNAGC (-5/-2)	2	930	
		2	1325	
BsaXI	(9/12)ACNNNNNCTCC (10/7)	2	1435	-
		2	2329	
BsmI	GAATGC (1/-1)	2	1632	- Mval269I PctI
		2	1665	
BssSI	CACGAG (-5/-1)	2	3379	- BauI Bst2BI
		2	4763	
BtrI	CACGTC (-3/-3)	2	2027	- AjiI BmgBI
		2	2225	
BtsI	GCAGTG (2/0)	2	4492	
		2	4520	
DraIII	CACNNN <sup>^</sup> GTG	2	1844	AdeI
		2	2441	
DrdI	GACNNNN <sup>^</sup> NNGTC	2	1233	AasI DseDI
		2	3308	
EagI	C <sup>^</sup> GGCCG	2	2424	BseX3I BstZI EclXI Eco52I
		2	2469	
Eco31I	GGTCTC (1/5)	2	1105	- Bso31I BsaI BspTNI
		2	1121	
GsuI	CTGGAG (16/14)	2	1168	- BpmI
		2	4184	
HindIII	A <sup>^</sup> AGCTT	2	2058	
		2	3201	
NdeI	CA <sup>^</sup> TATG	2	252	FauNDI
		2	3157	
SacII	CCGC <sup>^</sup> GG	2	740	Sfr303I KspI SgrBI Cfr42I
		2	2976	
SmaI	CCC <sup>^</sup> GGG	2	2071	Cfr9I TspMI XmaI
		2	2181	
VspI	AT <sup>^</sup> TAAT	2	25	AseI PshBI
		2	4270	

Absent Sites:

AanI, AbsI, AccIII, AfeI, AflIII, AgeI, AjuI, AleI, AloI, Aor13HI, Aor51HI, AscI, AsiGI, AsiSI, AsuII, AxyI, BaeI, BarI, BclI, BfrI, BlpI, BoxI, Bpu1102I, Bpu14I, Bsa29I, BsaBI, Bse21I, Bse8I, BseAI, BseCI, BseJI, BsgI, BshTI, BshVI, BsiWI, BsmBI, Bsp119I, Bsp13I, Bsp1720I, Bsp68I, BspDI, BspEI, BspMAI, BspQI, BspT104I, BspTI, BssNAI, Bst1107I, BstAFI, BstAPI, BstBI, BstEII, BstENI, BstPAI, BstPI, BstXI, BstZ17I, Bsu15I, Bsu36I, BsuTUI, BtuMI, ClaI, CpoI, CspAI, CspI, DinI, Eco147I, Eco32I, Eco47III, Eco81I, Eco91I, EcoNI, EcoO65I, EcoRV, EcoT22I, EgeI, EheI, Esp3I, FbaI, FspAI, HpaI, I-CeuI, I-PpoI, I-SceI, KasI, KflI, Kpn2I, Ksp22I, KspAI, LguI, MfeI, Mly113I, Mph1103I, MreI, MroI, MspCI, MunI, NarI, NruI, NsiI, NspV, OliI, PI-PspI, PI-SceI, PacI, PaeI, PalAI, PasI, PceI, PciSI, Pfl23II, PinAI, PluTI, PshAI, PsiI, PspEI, PspLI, PspXI, PsrI, PstI, RgaI, RruI, Rsr2I, RsrII, SapI, SbfI, SdaI, SfaAI, SfoI, SfuI, SgfI, SgrDI, SgsI, SmiI, SphI, SrfI, Sse8387I, SseBI, SspDI, StuI, SwaI, Vha464I, XagI, XcmI, Zsp2I.

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# Experimental Procedures

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## General Molecular Biology Techniques

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Molecular biology should be conducted under the supervision of a qualified instructor trained to standard safety practice in a molecular biology laboratory environment. Standard molecular biology procedures can be found in a general molecular biology handbook such as Sambrook (1989).

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## Plasmid Maintenance

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Propagation and maintenance of TEGX™ vectors is obtained on any *recA1*, *endA1* *E. coli* strain using LB or 2xYT medium supplemented with ampicillin (100 µg/ml) as a selection marker and incubated at 37°C with agitation. TEGX™ vectors are derivatives of pBR322 with a high copy number origin of replication and usually gives high yields of plasmid DNA with most standard laboratory strains such as XL1-blue or DH5α. The high copy number phenotype is temperature-sensitive and requires incubation at 37°C (Lin-Chao 1992). Some DNA stabilizing strains are known to produce smaller amounts of plasmid DNA. In case of issues, we recommend using XL10-Gold® from Agilent Technologies, Inc., on which TEGX™ plasmid DNA can be isolated in large quantities.

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## Cloning into TEGX™-LC-dK-Zeo

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### *In Silico* Design

A double inverted Bsal cloning site separates the pelBK leader peptide sequence from the beginning of the antibody constant region. After digestion with Bsal, the heavy chain variable domain is inserted in-frame between the two elements as illustrated below. During the cloning, the two Bsal sites are eliminated.

```

                SfiI                               dK
                |                               _____
LeuLeuLeuL euAlaAlaGl nProAlaMet Ala          Arg AsnAspAlaG InProAlaVa
1071 CTGCTGCTCT TAGCGGCCCA GCCGGCCATG GCA [VL] CGG AATGATGCC AGCCAGCCGT
```

### Vector Digestion

Bsal alone is sufficient to open the cloning site. Please, consult the documentation of your restriction enzyme provider for optimal conditions.

### Cloning with FAST-Licase™

Homologous recombination is the easiest and most efficient method to clone seamlessly antibodies into TEGX™ vectors. We recommend the **FAST-Licase™** (Antibody Design Labs cat# MB101S & MB101L) with the following overhangs. For synthetic dsDNA constructs, the overhangs are added on each side. For PCR-amplified constructs, primers should contain the overhang followed by the antibody priming area. The **FAST-Licase™** reaction contains the insert plus the purified vector digested with Bsal (see kit instructions).

pelBK overhang            5' – CGGCCAGCCGGCCATGGCA

dK overhang                5' – CGGAATGATGCCAGCCAGC (reverse complement for PCR primers)

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## Primer Design for Restriction Cloning with the BsaI Sites

Oligo1 is an example of primer designed to amplify a VL domain sequence and clone it into the BsaI site situated next to the pelBK leader. A minimum of 2 nucleotides is recommended to cut BsaI site close to the end (source New England BioLabs); these 2 nucleotides are followed by the BsaI site GGCTC and the last five nucleotides of the leader sequence; the resulting NNGGTCTCTGGCA extension is added 5' to the VL domain primer.

**Oligo1**     5' -NNGGTCTCTGGCA-VK-start

Oligo2 is an example of primer designed to amplify the VL domain from the end of the J region including a BsaI site compatible with **TGEX™-LC-dK-Zeo** cloning site.

BsaI is a type IIS restriction enzyme that cuts outside of its recognition site. The second BsaI site of the cloning site will be cut immediately before the start of the dog kappa constant region sequence, exactly 1 base after the end of the site and 5 bases further on the opposite strand, thus freeing a 5' 4-base overhang GCCT on the sense strand. In Oligo2, a BsaI recognition site is situated symmetrically to the vector and will generate a complementary overhang.

**Oligo2**     5' -NNGGTCTCGTCCG-JK-end

After digestion and ligation, all the two BsaI sites, from both insert and vector, will be removed, resulting in a scarless insertion of the antibody domain.

## Alternative to BsaI Sites

All restriction enzymes that generate 4-base long 5' overhangs can be used in place of BsaI; this is the case for example of BsmBI (CGTCTC(1/5)), another type IIS restriction enzyme. This option could come in handy when the VH domain contains another BsaI preventing cloning.

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## Sequencing of Inserts

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The following primers give a strong PCR amplification of the TGEX™ vector series inserts and the antibody constant regions between the EcoRI site and the NheI site. The primer tgex-S3 can be used to sequence the VH domain in full.

**tgex-S3**     5'- AGGCGTCTAACCAGTCACAGTC

**ires-R**     5'- GAATAAGGCCGGTGTGCGTT

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## Antibody Expression

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### Cell Lines

Cell lines adapted for culture in suspension and serum-free conditions are recommended. HEK293 and CHO cells are often used for antibody expression by transient transfection; you can either adapt your own cell line or obtain it from a supplier (e.g. Life Technology). HEK293 cells are particularly well suited for expression using **TGEX™** vector series.

### Transient Transfection

Many transfection reagents especially designed for transient transfection are commercially available from different providers (e.g. Life Technologies, Mirus Bio LLC, etc.). We recommend testing the transfection conditions with a reporter plasmid first to determine the percentage of cells effectively transfected and optimal transfection conditions; fluorescent reporters are often used with that purpose, e.g. TGEX™-eGFP-Zeo (Antibody Design Labs cat# MX022). Similarly, any condition known to boost expression should be carefully tested in your system before being scaled up. We did observe an increase in expression in HEK293 cells upon exposure to sodium valproate (Backliwal 2008). Boosters and enhancers are often included in commercially available transfection kits.

### Stable Cell Line Selection

Zeocin can be used very effectively to select stable cell lines secreting antibodies in a few weeks. The following protocol are suggestions that require adjustment to your particular constructs:

#### WEEK 1.

- Day 0: Transfect in duplicate cells in a 6-well plate containing 2 ml culture per well;
- Day 3-4: Expand each well in two wells with 2 ml culture per well.
- Day 6: Increase the volume to 4 ml per well and add Zeocin at 100 µg/ml.

#### WEEK 2-3

- Maintain a good cell density and the Zeocin concentration while replenishing the culture with fresh medium as needed.

#### WEEK 3-4

- Continue selection with possibly a higher Zeocin concentration (up to 1000 µg/ml).
- Proceed to single cloning and analyze stable transformants for expression.

### Light chain to Heavy chain ratio

We recommend starting with a 1:1 light chain to heavy chain ratio during transfection. We observed many antibodies with a better expression at a 2:1 light chain to heavy chain ratio although each antibody requires fine tuning for optimal expression.

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# Appendix

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## MSDS Information

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Material Safety Data Sheets are available on Antibody Design Labs website at the corresponding product page.

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## Quality Control

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Specifications and quality control are detailed on the online product page. Antibody Design Labs certifies that the product will perform according to these specifications.

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## Technical Support

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Visit Antibody Design Labs website at [www.abdesignlabs.com](http://www.abdesignlabs.com) for technical resources, including manuals, vector maps and sequences, application notes, FAQs, etc.

For more information or technical assistance, call, write, or email us at:

Antibody Design Labs

4901 Morena Blvd, Suite 203

San Diego, CA 92117

Email: [support@abdesignlabs.com](mailto:support@abdesignlabs.com)

Phone: 1-877-223-3104 (Toll-Free)

(Monday – Friday 9:00 AM – 5:00 PM PST)

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